



Advisory Group on fruit and vegetables School Fruit Scheme

Consumption trends for fresh fruit and vegetables and changing consumers habits

Philippe Binard Freshfel Europe



Plan of the presentation



- Production, trade and consumption trends
- Challenges: consumption barriers
- Opportunities: assets of fresh produce
- Conclusions







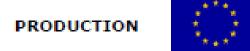
Production, trade & consumption trends in Europe

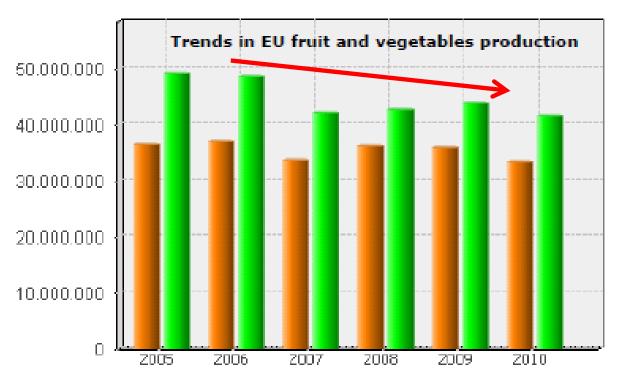




EU F&V production







Fruit Vegetables

2005/2010

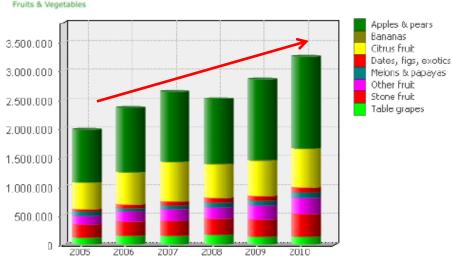
• Fruit: -7%

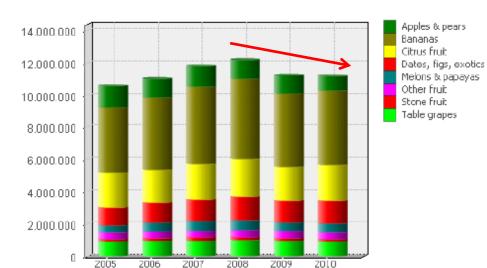
• Veg: -8%



EU fruit exports and imports

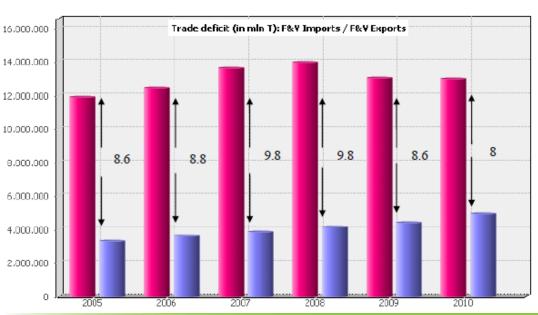






Import Quantity

Export Quantity



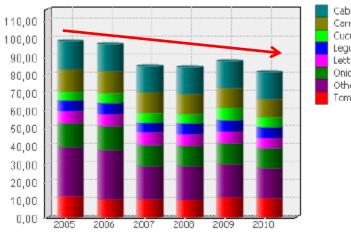
| 2005/2010 | Import | Export | |
|------------|--------|--------|--|
| Fruit | -1,30% | 31% | |
| Vegetables | -7% | 20% | |



EU consumption trends

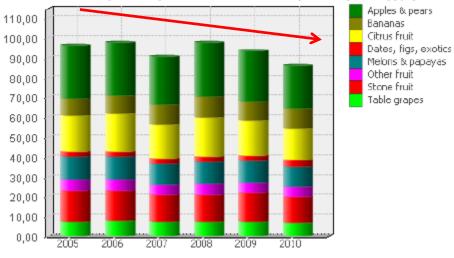


EU-27 Gross per capita veg consumption (in kg)/year



Cabbages, caulflowers...
Carrots, turnips, edible roots
Cucumbers & gherkins
Leguminous vegetables
Lettuce & chicory
Onions, shallots, garlic, leeks
Other vegetables
Tomatoes

EU-27 Gross per capita fruit consumption (in kg)/year



| 2005/2010 | Gross supply | Net supply |
|------------|--------------|------------|
| Fruit | -7,70% | -8,40% |
| Vegetables | -8,90% | -9,30% |

EU-27 population going up

| | 1 | | | | | V |
|-----------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Countries 9 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
| EU-27 | 491.134.938 | 493,210,397 | 495,291,925 | 497,686,132 | 499.705.399 | 501,125,880 |
| Austria | 8.201.359 | 8.254.298 | B.282.984 | 8,318,592 | B.355.260 | 8,375,290 |
| Belgium | 10.445.852 | 10.511.382 | 10.584.534 | 10.666.866 | 10.753.080 | 10,839,905 |
| [*] Bulgaria | 7.761.049 | 7.718.750 | 7.679.290 | 7.640.238 | 7.606.551 | 7,563,710 |
| Cyprus | 749.175 | 766,414 | 778.684 | 789,269 | 796.875 | 803.147 |
| Czech Republic | 10.220.577 | 10.251.079 | 10.287.189 | 10,381,130 | 10.467.542 | 10.506.813 |
| Germany | 82,500,849 | 82,437,995 | 82.314.906 | 82.217.837 | 82.002.356 | 81.802.257 |
| _Denmark | 5.411.405 | 5.427.459 | 5.447.084 | 5.475.791 | 5.511.451 | 5,534,738 |
| Estonia | 1.347.510 | 1.344.684 | 1.342.409 | 1.340.935 | 1.340.415 | 1.340.127 |
| Spain | 43.038.035 | 43.758.250 | 44.474.631 | 45,283,259 | 45.828.172 | 45,989,016 |
| Finland | 5.236.611 | 5.255.580 | 5.276.955 | 5,300,484 | 5.326.314 | 5,351,427 |
| France | 62.772.870 | 63.229.635 | 63.645.065 | 64.007.193 | 64.369.050 | 64.716.213 |
| United Kingdom | 60.038.695 | 60.409.918 | 60.781.346 | 61.191.951 | 61.595.091 | 62.026.962 |
| √Greece | 11.082.751 | 11.125.179 | 11.171.740 | 11.213.785 | 11.260.402 | 11.305.118 |
| Hungary | 10.097.549 | 10.076.581 | 10.066.158 | 10.045.401 | 10.030.975 | 10.014.324 |
| Ireland | 4.111.672 | 4.208.156 | 4.312.526 | 4,401,335 | 4.450.030 | 4.467.854 |
| Italy | 58.462.375 | 58.751.711 | 59.131.287 | 59.619.290 | 60.045.068 | 60.340.32B |
| Lithuania | 3.425.324 | 3,403,284 | 3.384.879 | 3,366,357 | 3.349.872 | 3,329,039 |
| Luxembourg | 461.230 | 469.086 | 476.187 | 483,799 | 493,500 | 502,066 |
| Latvia | 2.306.434 | 2.294.590 | 2.281.305 | 2.270.894 | 2.261.294 | 2,248,374 |
| Malta | 402.668 | 405.006 | 407.810 | 410.290 | 413.609 | 414.372 |
| Netherlands | 16.305.526 | 16.334.210 | 16.357.992 | 16,405,399 | 16.485.787 | 16.574.989 |
| Poland | 38.173.835 | 38.157.055 | 38.125.479 | 38.115.641 | 38.135.876 | 38,167,329 |
| Portugal | 10.529.255 | 10.569.592 | 10.599.095 | 10.617.575 | 10.627.250 | 10.637.713 |
| Romania | 21.658.528 | 21.610.213 | 21.565.119 | 21.528.627 | 21.498.616 | 21,462,186 |
| Sweden | 9.011.392 | 9.047.752 | 9.113.257 | 9,182,927 | 9.256.347 | 9,340,682 |
| Slovenia | 1.997.590 | 2,003,358 | 2.010.377 | 2.010.269 | 2.032.362 | 2,046,976 |
| Slovakia | 5.384.822 | 5.389.180 | 5.393.637 | 5,400,998 | 5.412.254 | 5,424,925 |



Consumption deficit



Freshfel's latest Consumption Monitor

⇒ demonstrates an on-going decrease/stagnation of consumption across Europe (between 2000 & 2010 = - 100 g per day)

600,00

⇒ 2011 initial data confirm trends!

Average supply per day per year (g/capita/day)

| VEGETABLES | 2009 | 2010 | %09/10 | %05-09/10 |
|--------------------|---------|---------|--------|-----------|
| Production | 42.9 mT | 40.4 mT | -5.8% | -8.6% |
| Imports | 1.83 mT | 1.78 mT | -2.2% | -7.2% |
| Exports | 1.5 mT | 1.7 mT | +10.4% | +20% |
| Total gross supply | 43.2 mT | 40.5 mT | -6.2% | -8.9% |
| Margin waste 20% | 8.1 mT | 8 mT | | |
| Total net supply | 35.1 mT | 32.6 mT | -7.1% | -9.3% |

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| | | | | | |
| | | | | | 300,00 |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| FRUIT | 2009 | 2010 | %09/10 | %05-09/10 | 200,00 |
| Production | 38.6 mT | 35.6 mT | -7.9% | -7.1% | |
| Imports | 11.18 mT | 11,17 mT | -0.1% | -1.3% | 100,00 |
| Exports | 2,9 mT | 3.2 mT | +13.7% | +31.6% | |
| Total gross supply | 46.9 mT | 43.5 mT | -7.3% | -7.7% | |
| Margin waste 20% | 9.7 mT | 9.1 mT | | | 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 200 |
| Total net supply | 37.2 mT | 34.4 mT | -7.5% | -8.4% | 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2003 2000 2007 2008 200 |
| | | | | | |



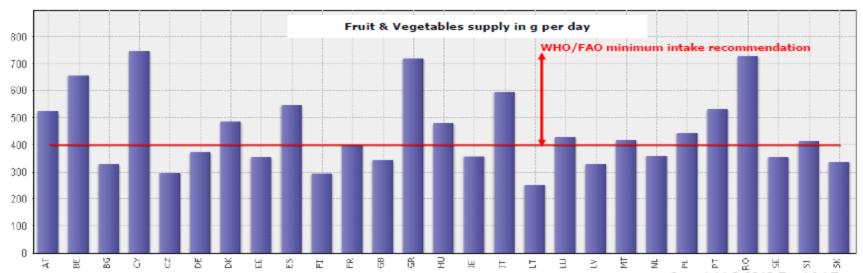
Consumption deficit



Freshfel's Consumption Monitor

Based on gross level (assuming it would then cover both fresh and processed consumption), it demonstrates that level of consumption remains largely below WHO recommendations in many MS

=> discounting a waste percentage would lead to even more worrying data



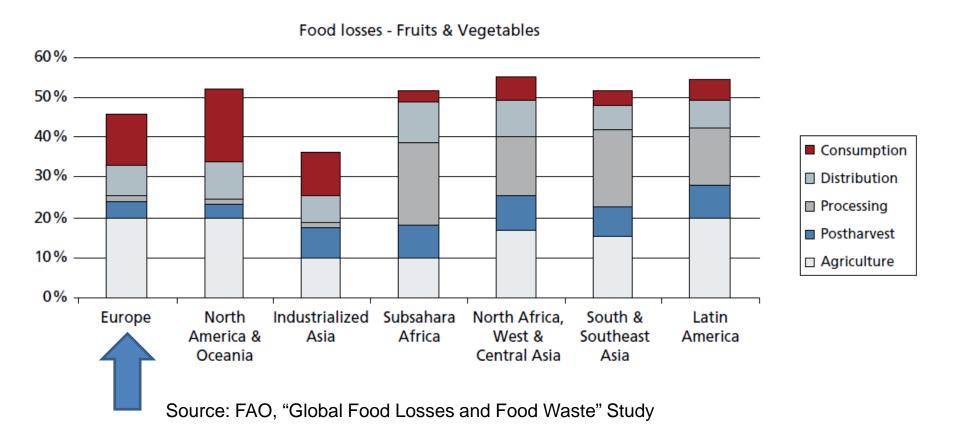
2010per capita availability of fruit and vegetables per Member State, compared to the WHO/FAO minimum intake recommendation



Consumption Monitor - waste



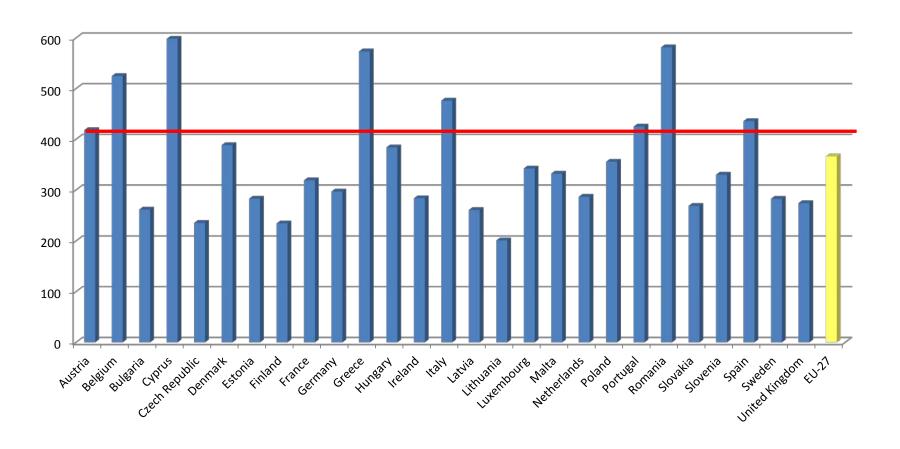
Figure 6. Part of the initial production lost or wasted at different stages of the FSC for fruits and vegetables in different regions







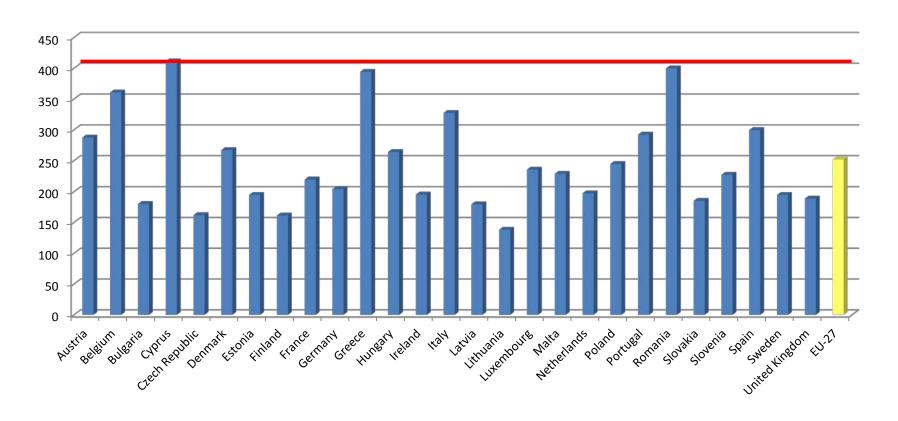
Total fresh 20%







Total fresh 45 %







Challenges to consumption









- Are F&V expensive? => price misperception
 - Comparing fresh produce to competing categories
 - Misperception also influenced by value chain ignorance
 - => produce are not going straight from orchard to retail shelf
- Impact of economic crisis
 - => on-going retailers/consumers focus on price
 - challenge for sustainability of the producers
 - food security at stake
 - Matching new consumers requirements
 has a cost influencing price



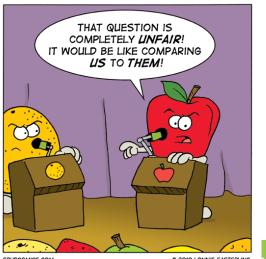






Image at stake

- NGO denigration campaigns influencing retailers and consumers attitudes as well as credibility of public authorities => need to restore confidence in legislation
- Impact on image in case of food safety crisis (EHEC confusion generated by the sector itself)
- (Mis)use of image by Agro/FMGC industry:
 - competing products containing no or limited fruit...
 - labelling debate (GDAs)



















Lifestyle

- Getting the youngest to eat fruit and vegetables!
- Less time for cooking at home
- Eating more away but F&V
 still have problem of availability
 and accessibility (equipment, education...)











Meeting customers expectation



- freshfness
- enjoyment
- convenience

shopping experience















DER SPIEGEL









• translating many findings of scientific community into marketing messages

- "competing" with pharmaceutical
- Limited sector budget for promotion
- => ratio of 1 to 100 limited brand compared to FMCG and sector

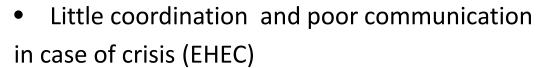
fragmentation

Limited public promotion budget





Proliferation of (confusing) messages



- Local v global
- Proliferation of logos and messages
- Weak information

on production methods on portions, tips...



5 razy dziennie warzywa i owoce











Enjoy Fresh



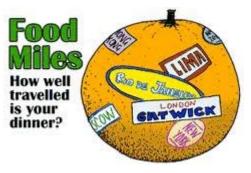


Just Eat More (fruit & veg)















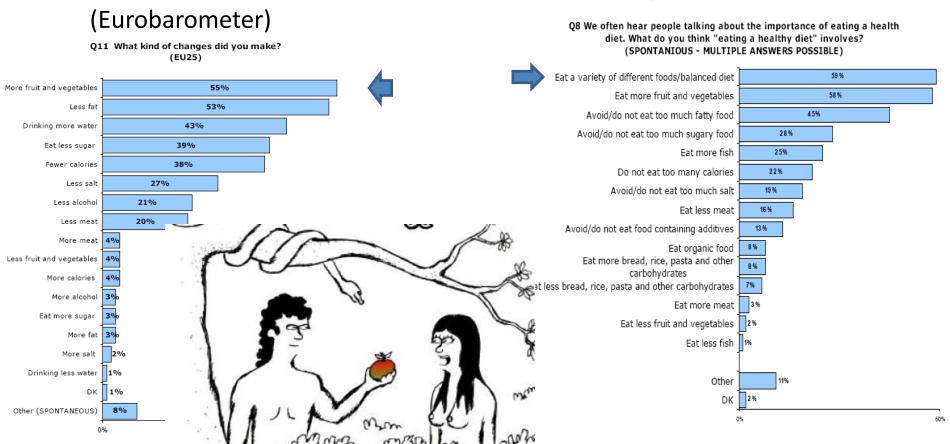
Opportunities for consumption







Consumers readiness to eat more fruit and vegetables



WE'RE MEANT TO HAVE 5-A-DAY, ACTUALLY!

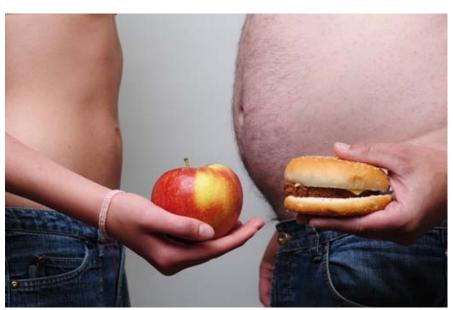




Health: Obesity and chronic diseases

- WHO report on status of chronic diseases=> role of diet rich in fresh fruit and vegetables
- UN report this week on tax for junk food/ no VAT on f&v
- Alarming rate of obesity among the youngest (School Fruit Scheme & accompanying measures)
- Huge cost to society









EU policy reshuffle => moving towards healthier/environmental friendly products IN 2012

- CAP 2013 budgetary reform: opportunity for fresh produce?
- School Fruit Scheme: a positive instrument to be extended?
- Promotion policy: a reform coming up, reinforcing the position of fruit and vegetables?
- CMO report on fruit and vegetables (December 2012)
- Role of authorithies in generic communication (like in USA)













Innovation

- European Partnership Agricultural Productivity and Sustainability
- Towards better coordination of research?
- More innovation in new varieties (club...)

EU claims regulation

- Protect image (negative aspects) => denigration campaigns
- Enhance image and better use of health assets (claims)







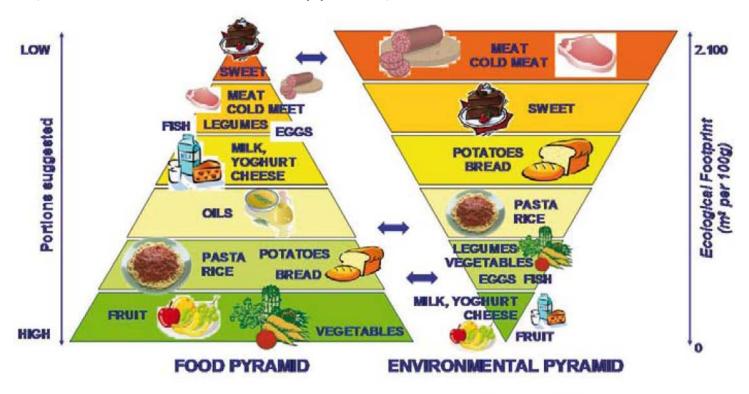






Environment /climate change v. healthy food

(Barilla environmental food pyramid)









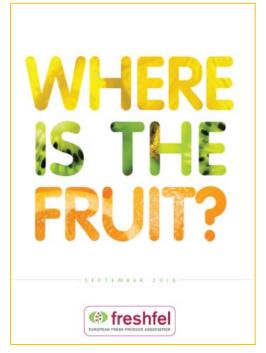


Freshfel case study: Where is the fruit?

- General outreach study on the display of images or reference to fruit in their packaging
- 207 products analysed
 - => 6% of products did not specify the amount of fruit content
 - => 18%, almost 1 in 5 products displaying fruit on packaging, contained no fruit or minimal fruit
 - => 32% had less than 10% fruit content
 - => 27% had a content between 11% and 50% of fruit
 - => Only 17% of products had more than 50% fruit content

Besides, only 13% of products had more than 50% fruit content and less than 15 g per 100 g of sugar content (draft parameters for future EU legislation on claims)

Study available on www.freshfel.org and on www.enjoyfresh.eu







"Enjoyfresh" initiative: a website with positive stories moving into Platform for networking and best practices www.enjoyfresh.eu



WELCOME PRODUCTION QUALITY SUSTAINABILITY FRESH FACTS NUTRITION & HEALTH HOW TO ENJOY FRESH DID YOU KNOW? NEWSROOM

WELCOME TO **ENJOY FRESH**

Fruits and vegetables are a food category which offers various merits to its consumers! This website will guide you through all of these and will be a platform for all the different questions you might have about fresh fruit and vegetables. You will find information on the production and sustainability aspects of fruit and vegetables, all about what is being done to ensure a high quality product information on the nutrition and health benefits of fruit and vegetables, fresh statistical facts, and last but not least extensive tips on how to enjoy fresh! All this Freshfel Europe, the forum for the European fresh fruits and vegetables chain in an effort to spread the message why it is so great to "Enjoy Fresh Fruit and Vegetables"!

How many vegetables **VOU** eat per day?





Information on:

Production, trade & consumption

Quality + link to freshquality.org

Sustainability

Fresh Facts

Nutritional and health data

Promotional activities across the world

Tips to consume/recipes

Newsroom





Conclusions

BAISSE DELA CONSOMNATION DES ARVITS ET LÉGURES

IL FAUT SE RÉAPPROPRIER LES FRUITS ET LÉGUMES





Conclusions



- Stagnating consumption, BUT possibilities to increase it:
 - ✓ Profile fresh produce image to consumers and decision makers
 - ✓ Rectify misperceptions and take the benefit of our assets
 - ✓ Brainstorm and improve collective communication => "fresh produce" as a category
 - ✓ Stimulate new position in emerging market segments
- Consumers in principle "positively minded"
- Strong fresh produce features to be for the sole use of the sector with
 - ✓ good health and nutrition determinants
 - ✓ positive ecological/environmental records
- Need for a European business plan to boost consumption
 - Understanding the reasons behind the decline
 - Pan-european platform for stimulating consumption
 - Create a digital fresh produue community
 - Consider a pan european generic communication with support of EU
 - Enhance promotion and SFS
 - 2012 as a milestone (CAP 50's , CMO report , promotion white paper



Conclusions



- Relevance of the School Fruit Scheme:
 - Scheme is progressing in regard to number of children
 - Get the youngest on the right track in regard to taste and texture
 - Scheme to be driven towards the products and secure a wide diversity of product available to children
 - Facilitate the logistics and administration
 - More communication is required both at EU level and in regard to accompanying measures at national level
 - More budget will improve the efficiency of the scheme and its outreach









www.freshfel.org

www.enjoyfresh.eu